

Find each ancient animal in the first row of pictures below. Then, draw a line to the picture of the animal alive today that looks most like it.







Mammoth

Diatryma

Smildon







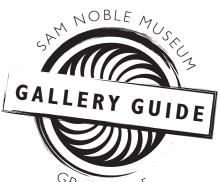
Tiger

Elephant

Ostrich

What was your favorite thing about the Hall of Ancient Life?						

HALL OF ANCIENT LIFE



Welcome to the Sam Noble Museum!

These gallery activities are designed to be facilitated by an adult and completed by the student or group of students.

Gallery Guides are available for each of the museum's three permanent galleries.

Complete the first activity before visiting the gallery!

What do you think you will see in the Hall of Ancient Life? Draw it!



- I. Begin at the Hall of Ancient Life, located on the first floor. The entrance holds cases of plants and animals, with a display of the earth in the middle.
- 2. Explore the gallery to find the answers to the questions below.
- 3. Start your journey at the entrance and end in the room with the mammoth.

4

Look beneath the tail of the long-neck dinosaur and find the display on the wall that shows how the *Apatosaurus* (ah-PAT-uh-SAWR-us) ate its food. This long-neck dinosaur did not have teeth for chewing, so it used its teeth to grab leaves off trees and swallowed them whole.

What did Apatosaurus use to grind up the leaves in its stomach? (Circle one or more)

Stones Fur

CAN YOU FIND ME?



Find the rock layers with fossils in them across from the ocean display.



Draw one of the fossils you see.



This animal is Cotylorhynchus (Koh-TIE-Ioh-REEN-kus).

Cotylorynchus was a plant-eater that lived before dinosaurs.

Where in Oklahoma was Cotylorhynchus found?



Look at the teeth of Saurophaganax (sawr-oh-PHAY-ga-nax). Are they sharp or flat?

What do you think Saurophaganax ate? (Circle one)

Plants (herbivore) Meat (carnivore)



Find the ocean display with the swimming reptiles, turtle and fish. Do you see the giant fossil fish? It is called *Xinphactinus* (zin-FACT-in-us). Xinfactinus lived in the ocean during the time of the dinosaurs!

What does Xinphactinus have on its body to help it live in water?

CAN YOU FIND ME?



Pentaceratops (Pen-tuh-SARA-tops) gets its name from the five horns on its head; two above its eyes, two behind its cheeks and one on its nose!

Feathers

What do you think *Pentaceratops* used its horns for? (circle one or more)

For protection To make it look bigger To scare other dinosaurs